1.0 Introduction:
MBOSCUDA is implementing a second round of PASOC proposal and in this phase of activity we carried out the restitution workshop which was aimed at establishing a baseline against which the project achievements shall be evaluated and put in place a project implementation framework, the next activity was putting in place grazers association across the region. After visiting all the divisional headquarter a total number of 320 grazers attended the workshops with participation of men, women and non Mbororo grazers. This was followed by the training of the divisional associations in organisational management, lobby and advocacy. The last phase of activity was the media debate and the production of a booklet on legal framework governing pastoral livestock in Cameroon.

1.1 Realisation of Project Orientation Workshop:
This activity was carried out by the RDC consultant in the month of September 2010. The activity was aimed at activity we carried out the restitution workshop which was aimed at establishing a baseline against which the project achievements shall be evaluated and put in place a project implementation framework. It was realised the active participation of the pastoralist was going to enhance appropriation and participation in subsequent stages of the project which will ensure sustainability of the CBO that have been put in place. Through the transfer of competences and capacity building the pastoralist are expected to effectively lead the CBO and carryout advocacy on issues affecting the lives and activities of the grazers of the region.

1.2 The creation of divisional associations of grazers.
This activity was carried out from the 14-12-2010 to 29-12-2010 in all the seven divisional headquarters of the region. A total number of 310 grazers attended the meetings across the seven divisions with participation of men, women and non Mbororo grazers.

1.3 Field visit to creation of divisional associations of grazers
The meeting was held from the 14-12-2010 to 29-12-2010 a total number of 310 grazers attended the meetings across the seven divisions with participation of men, women and non Mbororo grazers. Participant were clearly informed about the source of funding for the activity been PASOC while also sharing with them the financial procedure required to justify any expenditure. Participation varied from one division to another with Donga Mantung division coming first with over 70 participants only Ngoketunjia and Mezam had the expected 40 participants the other had more that the invited numbers. During this process the divisional executive’s members were elected and installed. Their task was also defined which include carrying out sensitisation of the
new association, registering the association to have a legal status and putting in place the sub divisional executives.

After putting in place these divisional associations another round of divisional tour was planned from the 05-12-2010 to 13-01-2011 to train the divisional association on organisational development, lobby and advocacy. A consultant was recruited to carryout this activity who was accompanied by the paralegal field supervisor of MBOSCUDA.

The following diagrams were used to illustrate the different types of groups and how each group vary from another.

1. Indicate forces that are united and looking towards the same direction. They have a potential to identify their problems and needs and carryout a collective action to address these identified needs and interest

2. Are a group that is trying to unite but some of the stakeholders are divided. Any action that the group is putting in place will likely fail because those moving outwards will act as setback or blacklegs to the action

3. Show a complete outward looking group that cannot have any collective action. This is a typical picture of the individualistic lifestyle that the pastoralist people have been experiencing for the past decades. This has been a source of their problems and marginalisation.

In each of the session the above diagrams were presented and participants given the opportunity to interpret them.

1.4 Organisation of media debates on activities carried out in current contract

MBOSCUDA signed a contract with Mr Aminata Nkemngu of the EDEN News Paper as a consultant agreeing on the activities to be carried out in defining a strategy for media debate.
This was made possible after clear terms of reference (ToR) with the main areas of interest defined at each level. This was collectively done with the consultant who carried out his assignment to ensure a successful media coverage of the project and MBOSCUDA activities.

1.5 Internal Evaluation of PASOC funded activities
Visits were carried out by MBOSCUDA to four out of the seven division of the North West Region to monitor and evaluate the PASOC activities. The selection of the divisions (Donga, Bui, Ngoketunjia and Menchum) visited was based on the reports provided by the Grazers’ Associations especially on some emerging issues affecting them.

**Lessons from the divisional executive members on pastoral code process**

i) Asking the divisional exco members to say how the pastoral code would help them was useful in collecting their expectations from the said code. In effect, their perceptions of the importance of the code to them (recorded in section 3.2.5 of this report) can be considered as their expectations from the code.

ii) The sensitisation exercise has revealed that the mastery of the laws and regulations relating to pastoral livestock by the pastoralists and even some of the officials charged with their enforcement is very insufficient. This is responsible, at least in part, for the inappropriate implementation and enforcement of these laws in the field, leading to the persistence of conflicts between the various categories of actors of the sector.

iii) The summary presentation of existing laws also served as the base for the pastoralists’ participation. The knowledge acquired from this summary enabled them to react to existing laws and regulations, and to identify their points of interest for consideration during the elaboration of the pastoral code.

1.6 Production of Brochure on Certain Legal Provisions for the Pastoral Code:
After sensitization MBOSCUDA assembled the pastoralists’ points of interest from the legal provisions governing the Agro/pastoral sector. These points need to be reviewed during the formulation of the Pastoral Code initiated by the Ministry of Livestock (MINEPIA). These points of interest were gathered from different sensitisation workshops across the North West Region. A brochure of two hundred copies has been produced on some salient existing legal provisions that need be shared widely to all stakeholders concerned or have interest in the pastoral code. This booklet has made observations on the existing laws and their limitations vis-à-vis the activities of the pastoralist of the region. The booklet will be used as a working document for the North West grazer’s points of interest on the pastoral code elaboration as they are already directly involved at regional and national levels.

1.7 North West Federation of Cattle Breeders (NOWEFCAB):
On the 21st April, 2011 a one day workshop was organised with the executive members of the seven divisional associations of grazers at the Secular Education Agency Secretariat Bamenda. During the one day meeting reports from the executives of the seven divisions were presented. Challenges and emerging issues encountered were discussed then strategies and proposed
solutions were agreed upon. Discussion on the need to have the regional structure *(NOWEFCAB)* which will be very crucial in representing the interest of the grazers at regional and national level on general issues concerning them and the Pastoral Code in particular was finalised before the structure was put in place.

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<td>Jeidoh Duni Mohammadu</td>
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**Conclusion:**
The funding from PASOC has gone a long way to help MBOSCUDA and the grazers’ community in the North West Region to better organise themselves, build their capacity in lobby and advocacy issues especially on their involvement in the formulation of the Pastoral Code in Cameroon. They are now effectively present at all levels in the issues concerning. Infact the direct involvement of MBOSCUDA and the grazer community in the processes of the formulation of the Pastoral Code has also influenced the State Authorities and other stakeholders because they have become very understanding and flexible to discuss and explain the ideas presented by the grazers and MBOSCUDA. However, the continuous capacity building of the executives of the Divisional Associations and the Regional Federation will continue even though the PASOC project ends in May 2011. Also MBOSCUDA will continue to accompany the pastoralist representatives at all levels in the formulation of the Pastoral Code in particular.